## Comparing Decimals

Family Note Ask your child to read the decimal numerals aloud. Encourage your child to use the following method:

1. Read the whole-number part.
2. Say and for the decimal point.
3. Read the digits after the decimal point as though they form their own number.
4. Say tenths or hundredths, depending on the placement of the right-hand digit.

Encourage your child to exaggerate the -ths sound. For example, 2.37 is read as "two and thirty-seven hundredths."

Write $>$, $<$, or $=$.
(1) $2.35 — 2.57$
(2) 1.08 $\qquad$ 1.8
(3) $0.64 \_0.46$
(4) $0.90-0.9$
(5) $42.1 \_42.09$
(6) $7.09 \_7.54$
(7) 0.4 $\qquad$ 0.40
(8) $0.26-0.21$

| $>$ |
| :---: |
| means is |
|  |
| greater than |
| $<$ |
| means is |
| less than |

Example: The 4 in 0.47 stands for 4 tenths or 0.4
(9) The 9 in 4.59 stands for 9 $\qquad$ or $\qquad$
(10) The 3 in 3.62 stands for 3 $\qquad$ or $\qquad$

Continue each number pattern.
(11)
$6.56,6.57,6.58$ $\qquad$ $\longrightarrow$ $\qquad$
(12) $0.73,0.83,0.93$ $\qquad$ $\longrightarrow$,

Write the number that is 0.1 more.
Write the number that is 0.1 less.
(13)
4.3 $\qquad$ (14) 4.07 $\qquad$ (15) 8.2 $\qquad$ (16) 5.63 $\qquad$

## Practice

(17)
$43,589+12,641=$ $\qquad$ (18) $63,274+97,047=$ $\qquad$
(19) $41,805-26,426=$ $\qquad$ (20) $82,004-11,534=$ $\qquad$

